Methods of Looking and A Vocabulary for Identification



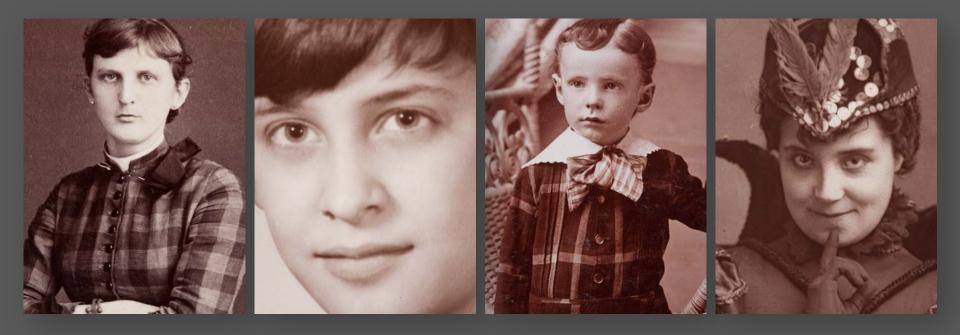
Image Permanence Institute 2017-2018

Photographic Identification Webinar #4





Process Identification



These are 4 different processes!

3

2





Key ID Features

Each process has a unique "fingerprint," called its key identifying features.

These features are a result of the materials and technologies used to make the object.







Key ID Features

- Image color/tone
- Surface characteristics: sheen and texture
- Image structure
- Layer structure







Methods of Looking

- Object View
- Surface View
- Magnification View













Characteristics visible with even illumination and no magnification.





Image Clues

- Clothing
- Vehicles
- Hairstyles
- Buildings





Gelatin POP



Format

- Cased (1840s-1860s)
- Carte de visite (1860s-1870s)
- Cabinet card (1870s-1900)
- Stereograph (1860s-1930s)
- Folder (1900-1930s)
- Postcard (1900s-1930s)
- Mounted
- Unmounted



Albumen print, CDV











1



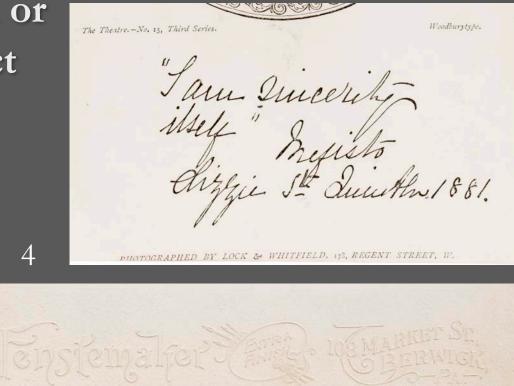




Information written or printed on the object

3

- Back print
- Back stamp
- Dates
- Inscriptions







Object View: Info









Primary Support

- Paper
- Plastic
- Glass
- Metal
- Ceramic
- Fabric
- Leather











Object View: Support



Paper support

- Most common support
 - Pre-photographic prints
 - Photographic prints
 - Photomechanical prints
 - Digital prints





Object View: Support

Glass

- Ambrotype
- Wet plate collodion negative/transparency
- Gelatin Dry Plate negative/transparency

Metal

- Daguerreotype
- Tintype

Fabric

- Salted "paper"
- Cyanotype



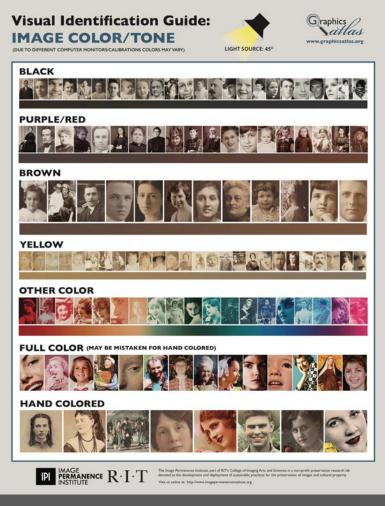






Image Color/Tone

- Black
- Purple/Red
- Brown
- Yellow
- Other Color
- Full Color
- Hand Colored







Object View: Image Color Image formation + Image material = Image color

• Metal

• Pigment

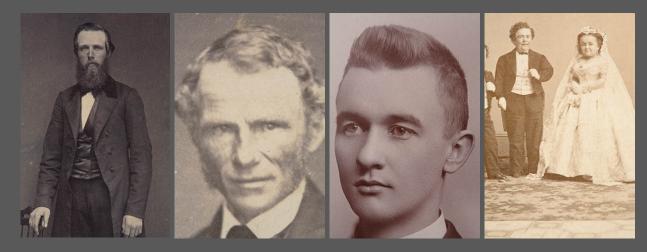








Object View: Image Color The color of silver



Printed Out





Object View: Image Color The color of silver











Object View: Image Color The color of silver



Printed Out

Developed Out





The colors of platinum







The colors of pigment



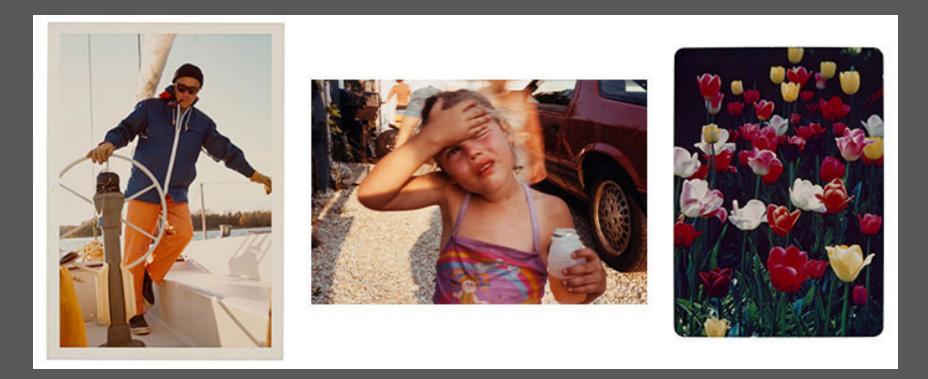


Pigment Processes: Carbon, Carbro, Woodburytpe, Direct Carbon (Fresson), Gum Dichromate, Bromoil, Bromoil Transfer





The colors of dye











3









Daylight

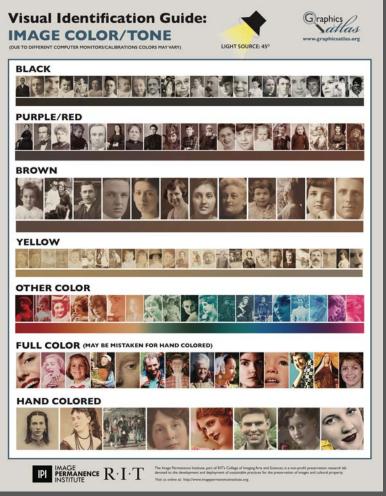
Fluorescent

Tungsten







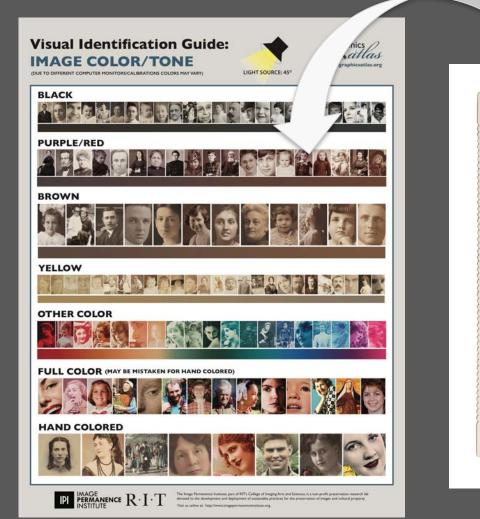


















Deterioration

- Color shifting
- Highlight yellowing
- Image ghosting
- Image fading









Object View: Deterioration

1

- Image Fading
- Highlight Yellowing









Key Identifying Features

- Primary Support
- Image Color
- Image Deterioration

Other Clues

- Image Clues
- Format
- Back print/Back stamp
- Other information printed/written on the object





Characteristics visible with directional illumination and no magnification.

Single light source from above





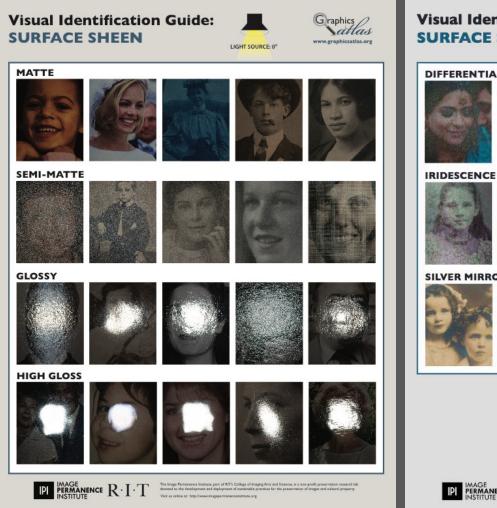








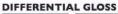




Visual Identification Guide: SURFACE SHEEN















SILVER MIRRORING/BRONZING

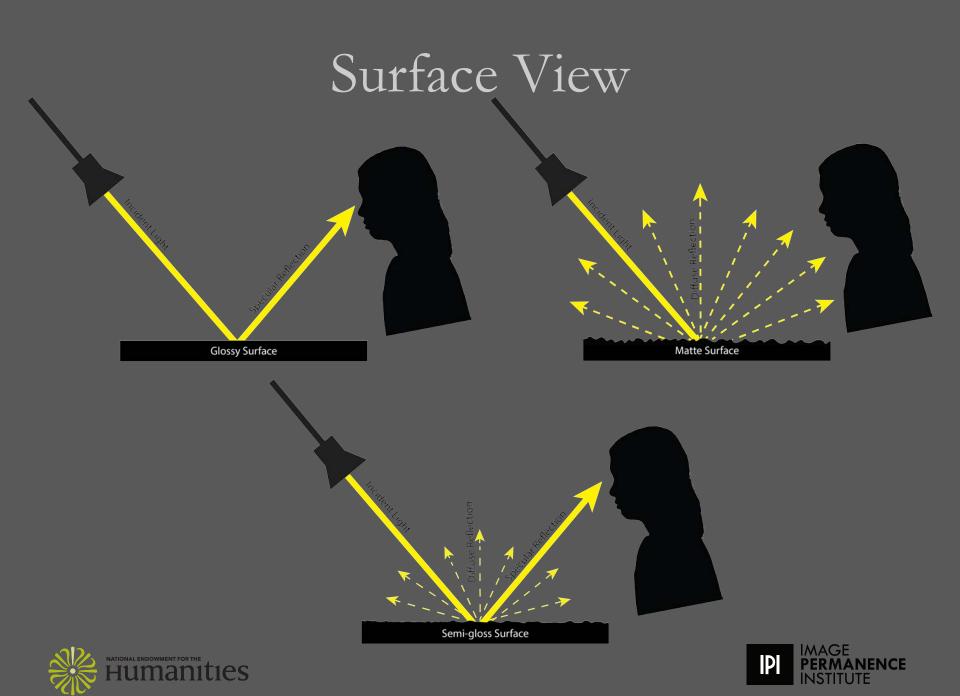




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19th Century

The surface characteristics (texture and sheen) are related to the layer structure of the print.





20th Century













Graphics

www.graphicsatlas.org

Visual Identification Guide: SURFACE SHEEN







GLOSSY



HIGH GLOSS



Image: The standard stand



Semi-Matte

2





Visual Identification Guide: SURFACE SHEEN



Graphics

www.graphicsatlas.org



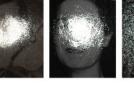
MATTE











HIGH GLOSS







Image: The second sec

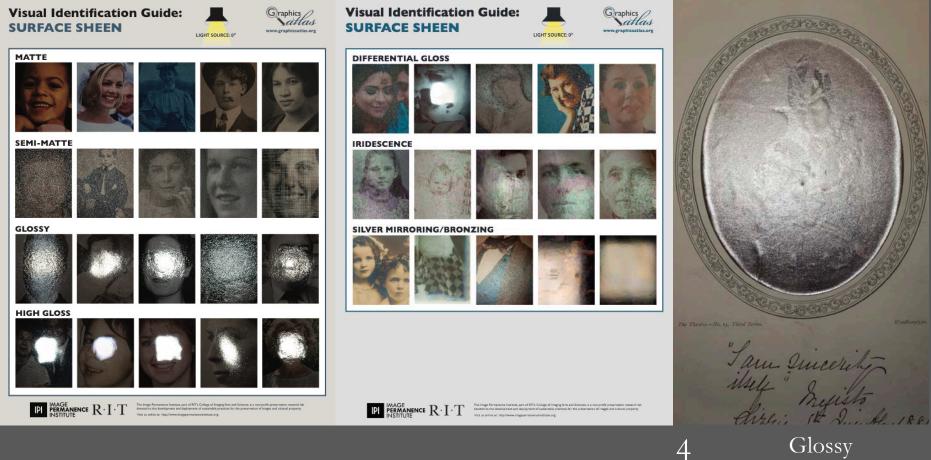


Glossy









Differential Gloss





Key Identifying Feature

• Surface Sheen

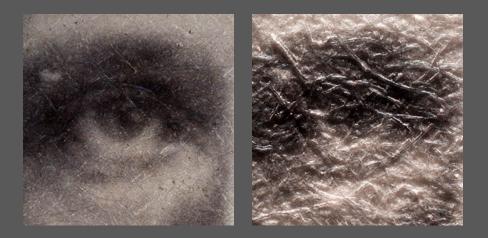






Characteristics visible with even or directional illumination and the use of magnification.

- Image Structure
- Layer Structure







Magnification Tools

- 10x loupe
- Pocket microscope
- Microscope











Magnification Tools

- 10x loupe
- Pocket microscope
- Microscope











Magnification Tools

- 10x loupe
- Pocket microscope
- Microscope







30x pocket microscope





Magnification Tools

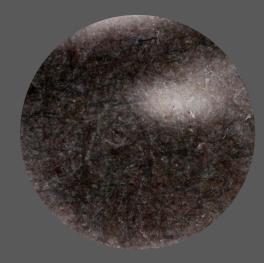
- 10x loupe
- Pocket microscope
- Microscope







30x pocket microscope



50x microscope



Loupe with flashlight



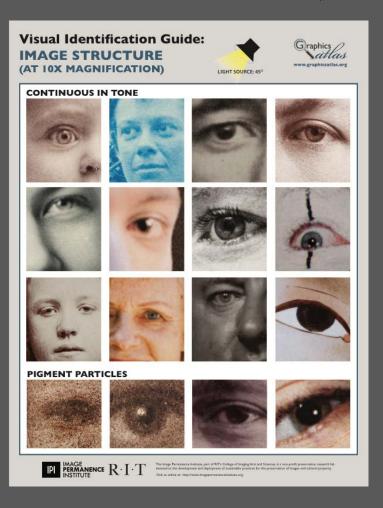


Pocket Microscope



Image Structure

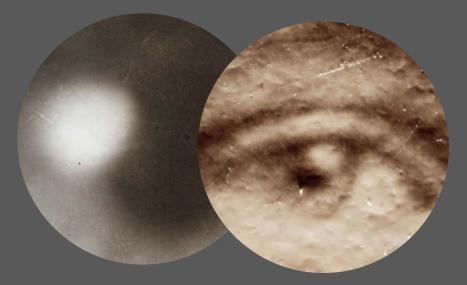
- Continuous in tone
- Pigment particles (Continuous in tone)
- Patterned
- Image grain (high mag)

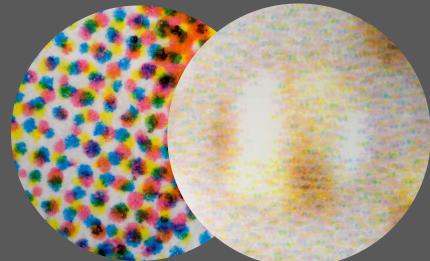












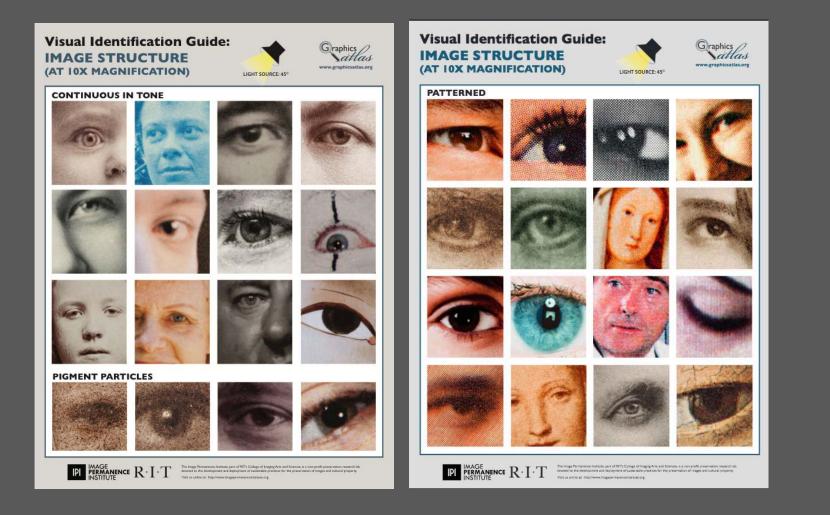
Photographic Continuous in tone

Photomechanical or Digital Patterned

50x magnification

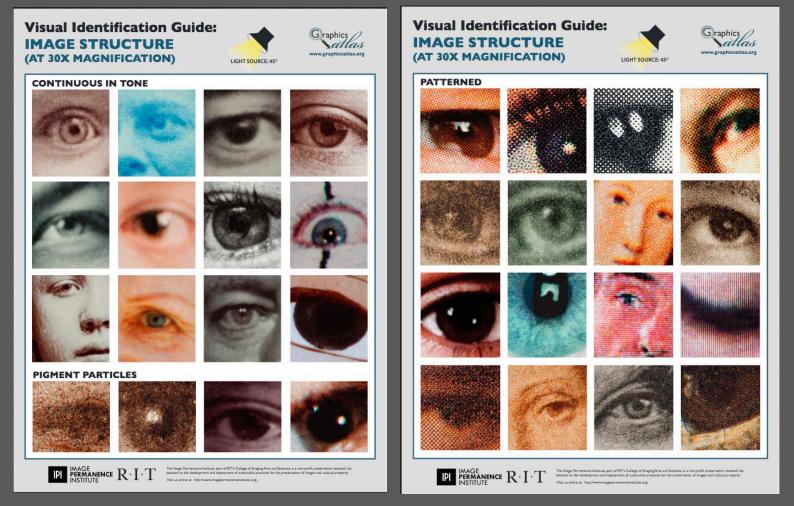






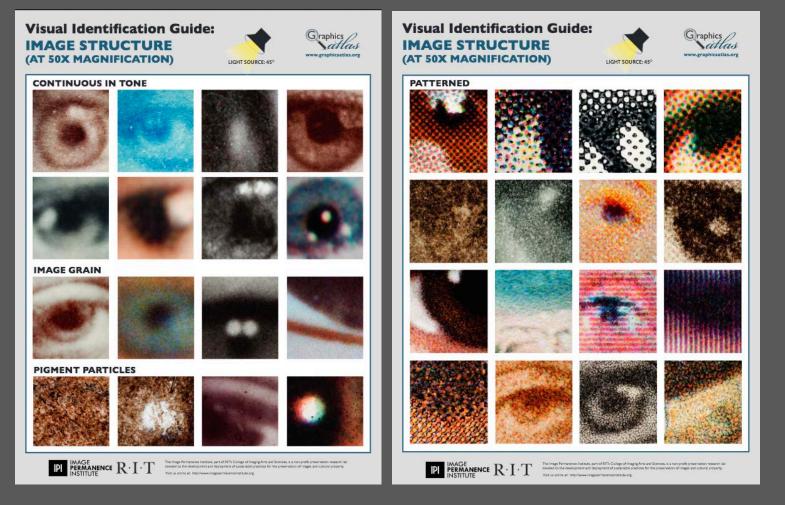








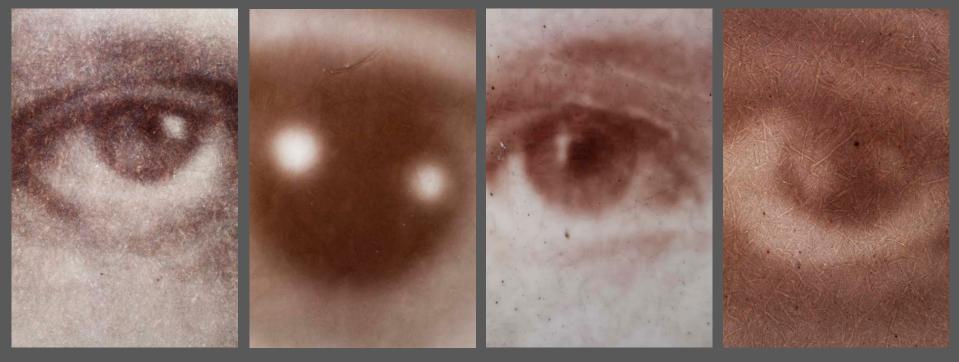








Continuous in tone



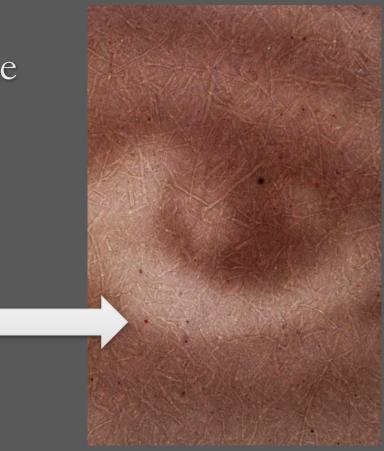
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Continuous in tone Pigment particles



4





Raking Light: directional light from the side







Raking Light: directional light from the side

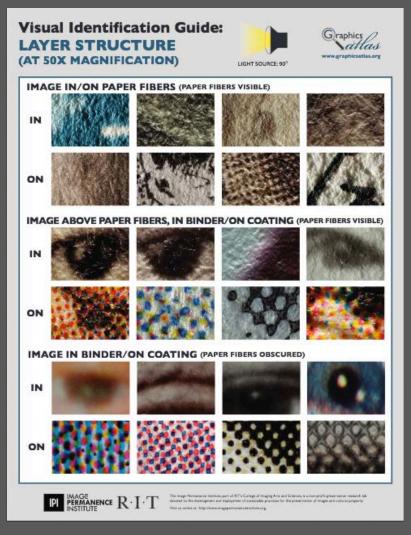






Layer Structure

- Image in/on paper fibers (paper fibers visible)
- Image above paper fibers, in binder/on coating (paper fibers visible)
- Image in binder/on coating (paper fibers obscured)









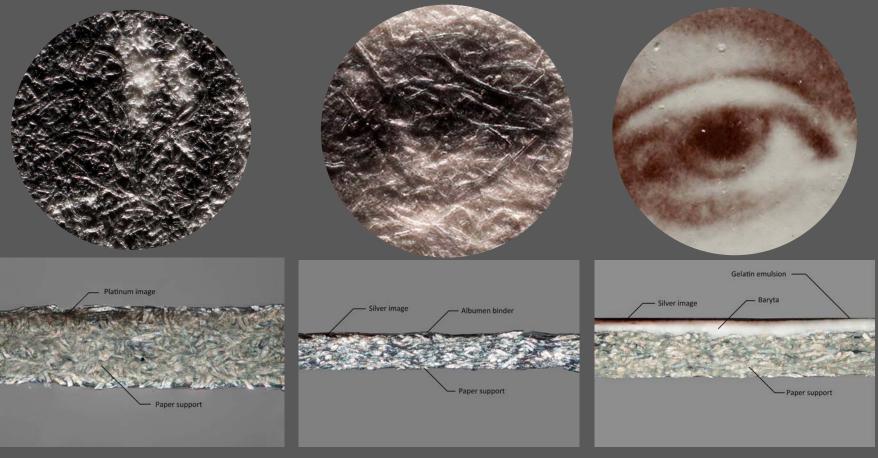


Image in paper fibers, paper fibers visible



Image above paper fibers in binder, paper fibers visible

Image in binder, paper fibers obscured



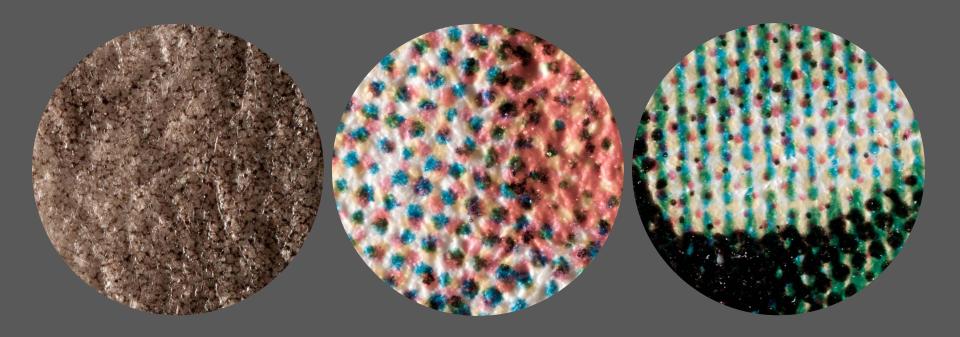


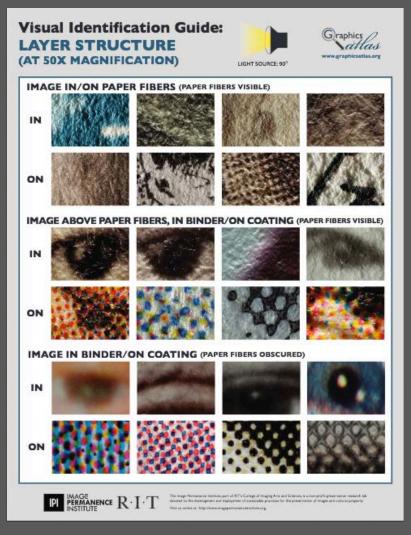
Image on paper fibers, paper fibers visible Image above paper fibers on coating, paper fibers visible Image on coating, paper fibers obscured





Layer Structure

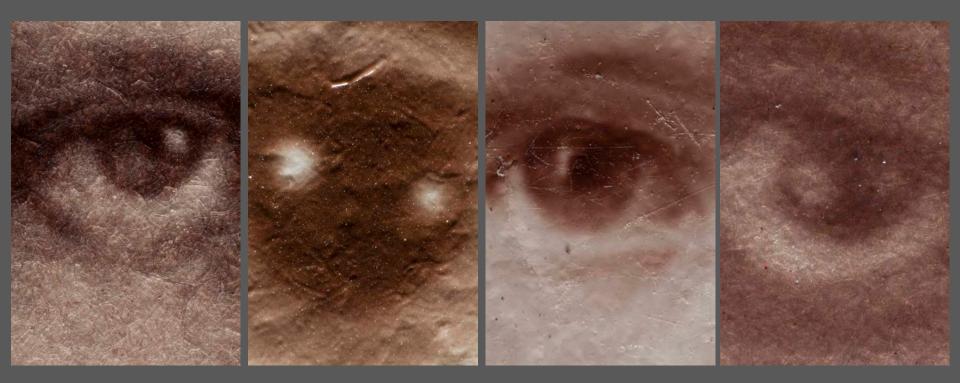
- Image in/on paper fibers (paper fibers visible)
- Image above paper fibers, in binder/on coating (paper fibers visible)
- Image in binder/on coating (paper fibers obscured)











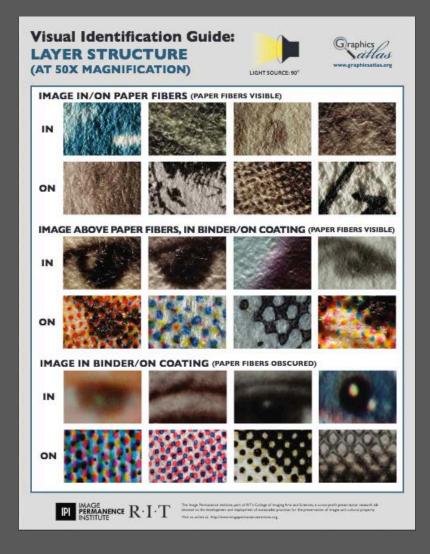


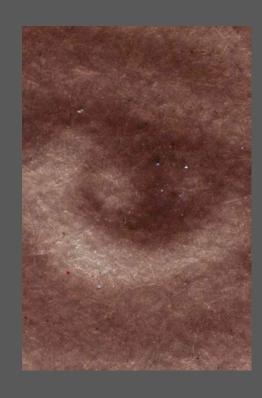




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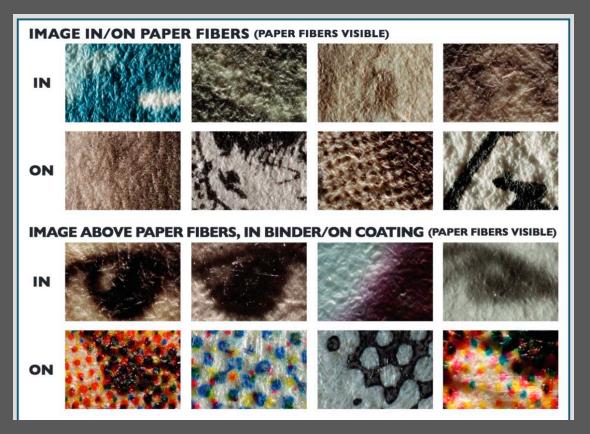








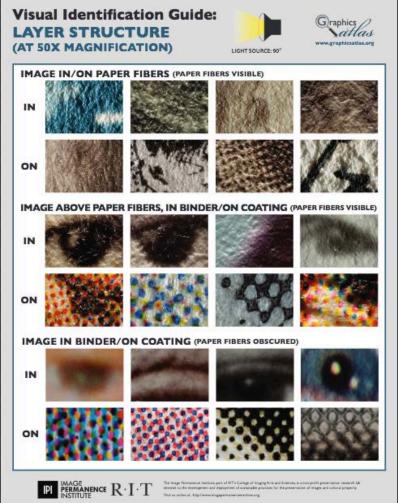


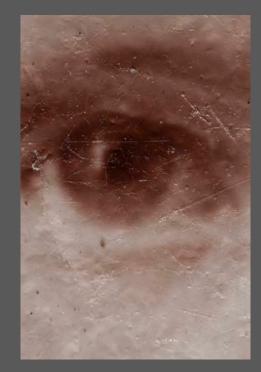


















2







Key Identifying Features

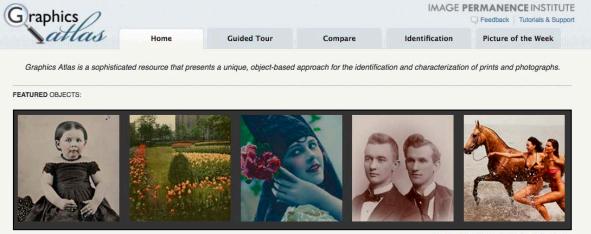
- Image Structure
- Layer Structure







Methods of Looking



browse all 219 objects in the collection »

BEGIN EXPLORING OUR STUDY COLLECTION BY SELECTING THE FOLLOWING TOOLS:



Guided Tour Take a tour through individual prints in a virtual study collection that contains processes ranging from woodcut to modern inkjet prints.



Compare traits between processes using views made with a variety of lighting techniques and magnifications.



Identification

Learn the key identifying characteristics of each process. These pages contain information on how to identify print processes.



Picture of the Week

Sign up for a weekly email highlighting an interesting picture from our collection.







Survey & Thank You

Thank you!

- National Endowment for the Humanities Division of Preservation and Access
- The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation

Next Webinar

- Wednesday, January 10, 2:00pm EST
- A Methodology for Process Identification, Part 2

Survey!

• A brief survey will appear at the end, please give us feedback!



